JANET NAPOLITANO GOVERNOR

STATE OF ARIZONA Department of Emergency And Military Affairs Division of Emergency Management 5636 EAST McDOWELL ROAD PHOENIX ARIZONA 85008-3495

PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85008-3495 (602) 244-0504 1-800-411-2336



July 25, 2008

The Honorable President Timothy S. Bee Arizona State Senate 1700 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Mr. President,

On behalf of the Governor, I am pleased to submit the FY2008 Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2008 Report.

A.R.S. §35-192, E, provides that each August 1st a report of the activities conducted by the council shall be prepared. This report describes the Gubernatorial proclamations of FY2008, the proclamations that were terminated, continuing, actions taken by the State Emergency Council and attachments detailing expenditures by event and type.

During the period from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008, there were thrèe proclamations that provided financial and technical assistance to Mohave and Santa Cruz Counties, Mt. Lemmon within Pima County, the Towns of Cave Creek and Mammoth.

The Department of Emergency and Military Affairs is the lead state agency for disaster preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation and provides critical support to the citizens of the state and its political subdivisions through the Arizona National Guard and the Division of Emergency Management. If you have any specific questions regarding this report please contact Ms. Beth Zimmerman at 602-231-6310.

Sincerely,

David P. Rataczak

Major General, AZ ARNG

Director

CC: Anna Maria Chavez, Deputy Chief of Staff Urban Relations & Community Development

Enclosed: Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2008 Report

Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2008 Report

FY2008 July 1, 2007 – June 30, 2008 In compliance with section §35-192E of the Arizona Revised Statutes, the following report is a summary of obligations, allocations and expenditures of state funds under the authority granted by the State Legislature in §35-192E, Arizona Revised Statutes. The report represents the actions taken by the Governor and the Arizona State Emergency Council (Council) in response to Arizona's emergency needs during FY2008 from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008.

I. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS DECLARED

As a result of emergency situations, which were beyond the capability and resources of local government, three Gubernatorial proclamations were declared.

A. NOGALES WASH EMERGENCY (28001)

On August 24, 2007, the Governor declared a state of emergency for the City of Nogales and Santa Cruz County for the water flowing from the hills of Nogales, Sonora, Mexico into the Nogales Wash in Sonora and flowing with great force into Nogales, Arizona, joining with high water flows from additional precipitation in the area. The underground system of flood control and infrastructure was not able to handle the flows and caused significant damages to the flood control structure. Several local, county, state and federal agencies coordinated the response to the event and provided technical assistance. The Governor's declaration allocated \$200,000 for this emergency. All work associated with this emergency is completed and termination has been requested to the Governor's Office.

B. MONSOON 2007 EMERGENCY (28002)

On September 14, 2008, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of potent monsoon storms and flash floods throughout several communities in Arizona, specifically Mohave County, the Town of Cave Creek and the Town of Mammoth from July 21 – August 6, 2007 and allocated \$200,000 to this emergency.

Several major roads throughout Arizona, specifically Cochise, Gila, Navajo, Pima, Pinal and Santa Cruz Counties that are classified as "rural major collector" or above by the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration ("USFHWA") were damaged. The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) requested the USFHWA to invoke their Emergency Relief (ER) Program and ADOT received approval for the ER Program. ADOT continues to administer and coordinate the ER Program. The Governor's Emergency Fund does not have any financial obligation for these projects.

On February 11, 2008 the Council convened and allocated an additional \$161,625 to this emergency. The total allocation in FY2008 to this emergency was \$311,625.

C. JANUARY 2008 SEVERE PRECIPITATION EMERGENCY (28003)

On February 19, 2008, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of weather systems that moved across the State and deposited significant amounts of snow and rainfall. The hardest hit and impacted beyond their capability was Mt. Lemmon within Pima County that received 8.5 inches of precipitation within a 24-hour period. Damages to roads left

residents stranded in their homes, limited access to food and medical assistance and damaged potable water supply lines which impacted transmission and distribution of potable water to homes. The Governor allocated \$200,000 to this emergency.

II. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS TERMINATED

A. PIMA COUNTY FLASH FLOOD EMERGENCY (26005)

Declared: September 16, 2005 Terminated: February 7, 2008

B. AZ PRE-SUPPRESSION WILDFIRE RESOURCES (26006)

Declared: February 22, 2006 Terminated: February 7, 2008

C. BRINS WILDFIRE EMERGENCY (26007)

Declared: June 19, 2006 Terminated: February 7, 2008

III. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS CONTINUING

A. STATEWIDE DROUGHT EMERGENCY (99006)

On June 23, 1999, the Governor proclaimed an emergency due to the lack of precipitation, which significantly reduced surface and ground water supplies and stream flows. On May 9, 2006, the United States Department of Agriculture declared a natural disaster for 14 Arizona counties (except La Paz) for low interest loans to farm operators. On May 19, 2006, the Small Business Administration made low interest disaster loans available to small, non-farm businesses in 15 Arizona Counties plus the contiguous counties in the surrounding states. These loans offset economic losses because of reduced revenues to farmers and ranchers caused by drought. No allocation from the Governor's Emergency Fund has been made. This proclamation is extended until further notice.

B. ARIZONA 2000 FLOOD EMERGENCY (21104) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1347-AZ)

On October 23, 2000, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for severe thunderstorms and heavy rains. The emergency incident period was October 21, 2000 through November 8, 2000. A Presidential disaster declaration was requested and received on October 27, 2000 (FEMA-1347-DR-AZ). Cochise, La Paz, Maricopa, Pinal and Santa Cruz Counties were declared for Public Assistance, as well as the Gila River Indian Community. La Paz, Maricopa and Pinal Counties were given Individual Assistance. Mitigation Assistance was granted statewide. All of the applicants have been closed out. ADEM is in the process of closing out the disaster with DHS/FEMA. Allocations from the Governor's Emergency Fund to date are \$1,511,608.

C. SEPTEMBER TERRORISM INCIDENT (22002)

On September 12, 2001, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency due to the terrorist attacks in various locations throughout the United

States and the heightened level of security throughout Arizona. Total allocations to this emergency were \$2,845,928. All of the applicants are closed out. This emergency will remain open indefinitely in support of the world situation.

D. RODEO/CHEDISKI FIRE EMERGENCY (22006) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1422-AZ)

On June 19, 2002, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency in support of the political subdivisions of Arizona for the consequences of the Rodeo Fire, which started near the town of Cibeque on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On July 1, 2002, the Governor amended the proclamation to include the Chediski Fire near the Chediski Mountain on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On June 25, 2002, the President declared the Rodeo/Chediski Fire a major disaster, providing Public Assistance for the State of Arizona, Navajo and Apache Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. Individual Assistance was available for Navajo, Apache, Gila and Coconino Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. The Hazard Mitigation Grant Program was made available statewide.

All applicants in FEMA's Individual and Family Grant Program and the Public Assistance Program have been closed out. ADEM is in the process of closing out these disaster programs with DHS/FEMA. Total allocations from the Governor's Emergency Fund are \$1,803,304.68.

E. FOREST HEALTH EMERGENCY (23003)

On May 22, 2003, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Forest Health for the on-going drought conditions and the infestation of the Pine Bark Beetle. The proclamation directs the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD) in conjunction with the Arizona Division of Emergency Management (ADEM), the Arizona Departments of Game and Fish, Transportation, Environmental Quality and Health Services to work with other appropriate state and local entities to expedite the clearing of dead, dying and diseased trees and other vegetation that interfere with emergency response and evacuation needs. Total allocations for this emergency are \$2,436,240.71. All work associated with this emergency is completed; applicants reimbursed and financially closed out. The Governor's declaration will remain open in support of promoting Forest Health.

F. ASPEN FIRE EMERGENCY (23004) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1477-AZ)

On June 17, 2003 the Aspen Fire ignited in Pima County. On June 19, 2003 the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Pima County. On June 24, 2003, the Governor amended the proclamation to include Pinal County. On July 14, 2003 the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration for Pima County for the Aspen Fire. The Federal Declaration approved Public Assistance and Mitigation Assistance. No Individual Assistance was approved. Total allocations for this emergency are \$1,215,575.

G. NORTHERN ARIZONA WINTER STORM EMERGENCY (25004) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1581-AZ)

Arizona was impacted by a series of strong winter storms December 28, 2004 – January 12, 2005. Large amounts of rain and record levels of snow received during the initial storm were followed by January storms that tapped into warm, moist Pacific air. Rapid snow melt occurred as warm rains fell on snow at mid-level elevations, which, along with the rain falling on already saturated ground resulted in widespread flooding throughout the northern and central parts of the state. Arizona residents suffered both loss of life and property damage.

On December 29, 2005 the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Northern Arizona Winter Storm Emergency for Coconino County followed by 3 amendments on December 30, 2004 to include Yavapai County, on January 4, 2005 to include Gila and Navajo Counties and on January 11, 2005 to include Apache, Maricopa and Mohave Counties.

On February 17, 2005, the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1581-DR-AZ) for Public Assistance and Mitigation Programs for Coconino, Gila, Mohave, Navajo and Yavapai Counties and the Hopi and Navajo Nations. The Tribal Governments work directly with DHS/FEMA and provide their own non-federal cost share. The Small Business Administration (SBA) declared an emergency for Mohave, Coconino, La Paz and Yavapai Counties, making low interest loans available to homeowners, renters, businesses of all sizes and private, non-profit organizations whose property was damaged or destroyed by the storms. The total estimated state obligation is \$2,290,925; current allocations for this emergency are \$2,124,480.22 leaving \$166,444.78 in outstanding state obligations.

H. FEBRUARY 2005 WINTER STORMS & FLOODING EMERGENCY (25005)

(Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1586-AZ)

On February 16, 2005 the Governor declared a state of emergency due to the February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding throughout central and eastern Arizona. Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Pinal and Yavapai Counties and the Town of Wickenburg (Maricopa County) all declared and were included in the Governor's declaration. On March 8, 2005, the declaration was amended to include all of Maricopa County and Mohave County.

On April 14, 2005 the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1586-DR-AZ) for Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation Grant Programs for the counties of Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Mohave, Pinal and Yavapai; the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the San Carlos Apache Tribe and the portion of the Navajo Tribal Nation within the State of Arizona. The Tribal Governments work directly with DHS/FEMA and provide their own non-federal cost share. Maricopa County was not included in the Federal declaration. The total estimated state obligation is \$4,825,377; current allocations are \$4,147,689 leaving an estimated \$677.688 in outstanding state obligations.

I. ARIZONA-MEXICO INTERNATIONAL BORDER SECURITY EMERGENCY (26001)

On August 15, 2005, the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Arizona – Mexico International Border Security Emergency. The daily threat to public health and safety from the gangs, coyotes and others engaged in dangerous criminal activities is worsening and Arizona can no longer wait for the federal government to do their job. The declaration allows the state agencies and local governments within the counties of Cochise, Pima, Santa Cruz and Yuma to submit projects that will help to lessen the criminal activities along Arizona's International border. The Governor's declaration allocated \$200,000. On August 15, 2005 the Council allocated \$1,300,000 to this emergency. The Arizona Office of Homeland Security provided an additional \$200,000 for projects eligible through their grant funds. Thirty-eight projects were approved and funded. To date \$1,363,296.47 has been reimbursed to the applicants on the approved projects.

J. OPERATION GOOD NEIGHBOR (26003) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-EM-3241-AZ)

On September 3, 2005, the Governor declared a state of emergency in support of Hurricane Katrina, Arizona's Operation Good Neighbor. The Governor was requested by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to assist with the national state of emergency due to the catastrophic consequences of Hurricane Katrina. The state accepted this mission and committed to welcoming evacuees with open arms and providing them with food, shelter, transportation, health and medical services, schools for the children, job training, jobs and other assistance with their short and long term needs. The first evacuees arrived in Arizona on September 4, 2005. Currently, there are approximately 2,800 registered households living in Arizona.

Several volunteer, private and public organizations continue to donate a multitude of resources both financial and material. The outpouring of the caring citizens of Arizona was tremendous. As well, a number of state agencies participated with staff and resources.

The actual eligible costs for Operation Good Neighbor were reimbursed 100% by FEMA. The Governor's declaration included an allocation of \$200,000. The Council allocated \$750,000 on September 12, 2005. The Council reverted \$700,000 back to the Governor's Emergency Fund on June 23, 2006. ADEM is in the process of closing out the disaster with DHS/FEMA.

K. LA PAZ COUNTY SUMMER MONSOON EMERGENCY (26004)

Beginning August 1, 2005 and continuing through August 23, 2005, heavy rains during the monsoon storms caused significant damage to public infrastructure in areas around La Paz County, resulting in damages to numerous roads some of which were closed and impassable. On September 16, 2005 the Governor declared an emergency for La Paz County and directed \$100,000 for this emergency. The Council allocated

\$250,000 on June 23, 2006 and \$300,000 on December 11, 2006. All work has been completed and the applicants are closed out. ADEM has requested termination of this emergency.

L. GLASSY-WINGED SHARPSHOOTER EMERGENCY (26008)

On June 23, 2006 the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Emergency for Cochise County. The Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter is a known vector of *Xyella fastidiosa*, a bacteria that causes plant diseases such as Pierce's disease of grapes, almond leaf scorch, alfalfa dwarf, oleander leaf scorch, and citrus verigated chlorosis, that threaten the viability of wine, citrus and other agricultural and horticultural industries as well as public landscapes. The Governor's declaration allocated \$200,000 for this emergency.

The Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter has been detected in Arizona in a small isolated location in the city of Sierra Vista, Cochise County. As of July 17, 2006, over 100 adult Glassy-Winged Sharpshooters have been found within a three-mile square region in Sierra Vista. The Arizona Department of Agriculture has been placing detection traps, monitoring and eradicating the Sharpshooter. The eradication effort is ongoing in the Sierra Vista area, and they are conducting statewide surveys and detection activities.

The Council allocated \$543,000 on August 1, 2006; total allocations to this emergency are \$743,000. Monitoring of the sharpshooter continues in Arizona.

M. SUMMER 2006 MONSOONS & FLOODING EMERGENCY (27001) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1660-AZ)

On August 8, 2006, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of monsoon thunderstorms, spawning hail, damaging winds and flash floods throughout southeastern Arizona, specifically Pinal and Pima Counties from July 25 – August 4, 2006 and allocated \$200,000 to this emergency. Areas of the Santa Cruz, San Pedro and Gila watersheds exceeded their 1993 flood stages in portions of Pinal, Pima, Cochise, Graham and Gila Counties. On September 13, 2006, the Governor amended the declaration to include Gila, Graham, Greenlee and Navajo Counties. Five Tribal Governments were also heavily impacted by the emergency: the Gila River Indian Community, the Hopi Tribe, the Navajo Nation. the San Carlos Apache Tribe and the Tohono O'Odham Nation.

On September 7, 2006, the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1660-DR-AZ) for Pinal and Pima Counties, the Gila River Indian Community within Pinal County, and the Tohono O'Odham Nation within Pima and Pinal Counties. The declaration was amended on September 29, 2006 to include Gila, Graham, Greenlee and Navajo Counties, the tribal areas of the Hopi Tribe within Navajo County, the Navajo Nation within Navajo County, and the San Carlos Apache Tribe within Gila, Graham and Pinal Counties. On November 9, 2006, the declaration was amended to include the Navajo Nation within Apache and Coconino Counties.

The current cost estimate for the damages to Political Subdivisions of the state is in excess of \$16,500,000. The Arizona Division of Emergency Management worked with the applicants to prepare the Project Worksheets for the eligible damages and forwarded them to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for approval. The estimated cost share for the State of Arizona is \$2,660,434. FEMA cost share is 75% of eligible costs; the state cost share is 15% for Political Subdivisions and 25% for state agencies. The Tribal Governments are responsible for the 25% non-federal share.

Total allocations to this emergency are \$1,926,217 to date. An additional \$734,217 will be required in future fiscal years to cover the state's obligation.

IV. ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL AND MEETINGS

A. THE ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP:

- Governor
- Secretary of State
- Attorney General
- Adjutant General, Department of Emergency and Military Affairs
- Director, Division of Emergency Management
- · Director, Department of Health Services
- Director, Department of Transportation
- Director, Department of Public Safety
- Director, Department of Agriculture
- Director, Department of Environmental Quality
- Director, Department of Water Resources
- Director, Department of Administration
- President, Arizona State Senate (Advisory Member)
- Speaker, Arizona House of Representatives (Advisory Member)

B. THE ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEETING AND ACTIONS:

February 11, 2008 Meeting

- PROPOSAL #1: Supplemental funding for the Northern AZ Winter Storm Emergency (25004).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$166,445 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #2: Supplemental funding for the February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding Emergency (25005).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$677,689 for this proposal.
- <u>PROPOSAL #3</u>: Supplemental funding for the Summer 2006 Monsoons & Flooding Emergency (27001).

- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$734,217 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #4: Supplemental funding for the Monsoon 2007
 Emergency (28002).
 COUNCIL ACTION: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$161,625 for this proposal.

V. CONTINGENCIES

A. STATEWIDE SEARCH AND RESCUE CONTINGENCY (70100)

There were 703 search and rescue mission identifiers issued to County Sheriffs for field operations during FY2008. County Sheriffs and State support agencies had a total reimbursement cost of \$220,765.04. The Governor allocated \$160,000 on January 30, 2008 to pay claims received during FY2008.

B. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONTINGENCY (80100)

There were nine (9) hazardous materials incident responses supported by the Governor's HAZMAT Contingency Fund during the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008 for \$524.26. The Governor allocated \$50,000 on September 6, 2007. The reimbursement requests reflect overtime costs for departments that were responding to declared hazmat emergencies which did not result in the responsible party being identified or able to support claims against them.

VI. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES

See attached Table 1

VII. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND EXPENDITURES

• See attached Table 2

GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES JULY 1, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008

State Acct. Number PCA	Emergency Declaration	Starting Balance	4	FY 2008 Allocations	A	Reversion of Funds	Ä	Expenditures	키	Balance June 30, 2008
70100	Search and Rescue	\$ 70,208.63	₩	160,000.00			s	220,765.04	↔	9,443.59
80100	Statewide Hazardous Materials	\$ 4,344.07	↔	50,000.00			↔	524.26	↔	53,819.81
21104	Arizona 2000 Flood Emergency	\$ 164,769.52					↔	634.98	₩	164,134.54
22002	September Terrorism Incident	\$ 106,976.56			↔	106,916.95	↔	59.61	↔	1
22006	Rodeo/Chediski Fire Emergency	\$ 323,079.84				2000	es-	3,977.65	6 9	319,102.19
23003	Forest Health Emergency	\$ 58,220.57			G	58,179.57	es	41.00	G	1
23004	Aspen Fire Emergency	\$ 679,879.68					↔	18,337.00	₩	661,542.68
24105	Mitigation Projects 2004 Emergency Funds	\$ 217,224.21					₩	135,569.68	↔	81,654.53
25004	Northern Arizona Winter Storm Emergency	\$ 551,769.32	↔	166,445.00			€>	468,457.76	↔	249,756.56
25005	February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding	\$ 631,222.72	€9	677,689.00			ક્ક	546,519.36	↔	762,392.36
26001	AZ/Mexico Internat'i Border Security Emergency	\$ 124,676.85					↔	(3,989.53)	69	128,666.38
26003	Operation Good Neighbor	\$ 156,246.35					↔	1,651.52	8	154,594.83
26004	La Paz County Summer Monsoon Emergency	\$ 261,295.79			1	11.00	↔	206,051.85	↔	55,243.94
26005	Pima County Flash Flood Emergency	\$ 95,048.62			↔	93,051.53	\$	1,997.09	\$	1
26006	AZ Pre-Suppression Wildfire Resources	\$ 35,788.97			₩	7,609.93	\$	28,179.04	\$	Ī
26007	Brins Wildfire Emergency	\$ 6,960.27			↔	18,057.29	\$	(11,097.02)	&	i
26008	Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Infestation	\$ 363,251.75					s	112,060.86	€	251,190.89
27001	Summer 2006 Monsoons & Flooding	\$ 772,593.51	€	734,217.00			₩	211,124.49	\$ 1	1,295,686.02
28001	Nogales Wash Emergency	· \$	69	200,000.00			69	129,741.12	ь	70,258.88
28002	Monsoon 2007 Emergency	\$	↔	361,625.00			₩	229,839.15	₩	131,785.85
28003	January 2008 Severe Precipitation Emergency	· ₩	↔	200,000.00			↔	27,364.51	₩	172,635.49
Total		\$ 4,623,557.23		\$ 2,549,976.00	€	283,815.27	\$2,	\$ 2,327,809.42	8	\$ 4,561,908.54

GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND EXPENDITURES JULY 1, 2007 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2008

State Acct. Number PCA	Emergency Declaration	Personal Services 6011	Employees Related Expenditures 6100	Professional and Outside Services 6200	Travel In State 6500	Travel Out of State 6600		Aid To Other Operating Organization 6800 Expenditures 7000	Capital Equipment 8400	Indirect 8600/9100	Total Expenditures
70100	Search and Rescue	\$ 3,351.90	0 \$ 293.53	\$ 48,601.40			\$ 162,750.41	\$ 5,701.36		\$ 66.44	\$ 220,765.04
80100	Statewide Hazardous Materials	\$ 253.63	3 \$ 19.66							\$ 250.97	\$ 524.26
21104	Arizona 2000 Flood Emergency	\$ 504.63	ь							\$ 83.67	€
22002	September Terrorism Incident									\$ 59.61	\$ 59.61
22006	Rodeo/Chediski Fire Emergency	\$ 2,783.31	1 \$ 489.95							\$ 704.39	\$ 3,977.65
23003	Forest Health Emergency									\$ 41.00	\$ 41.00
23004	Aspen Fire Emergency	\$ 9,589.14	4 \$ 1,662.78		\$ 1,538.76			\$ 20.99		\$ 5,525.33	\$ 18,337.00
24105	Mitigation Projects 2004 Emergency Funds	\$ 203.04	4 \$ 42.86				\$ 134,977.44	60		\$ 346.34	\$ 135,569.68
25004	Northern Arizona Winter Storm Emergency	\$ 53,313.07	7 \$ 9,936.85		\$ 5,089.28		\$ 378,730.12	\$ 3,717.30		\$ 17,671.14	\$ 468,457.76
25005	February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding	\$ 51,263.12	2 \$ 10,190.74		\$ 3,559.13	\$ 38.54	\$ 460,966.03	\$ 3,912.98		\$ 16,588.82	\$ 546,519.36
26001	AZ/Mexico Internat'l Border Security Emergency	\$ 13,706.28	ક		\$ 1,201.72		\$ (26,074.24)			\$ 4,615.41	\$ (3,989.53)
26003	Operation Good Neighbor	\$ 1,463.34	4 \$ 174.54					\$ 13.64			\$ 1,651.52
26004	La Paz County Summer Monsoon Emergency	*****	5 \$ 756.32		\$ 339.10		\$ 197,164.03			\$ 2,747.05	\$ 206,051.85
26005	Pima County Flash Flood Emergency	\$ 601.58	8 \$ 64.65							\$ 1,330.86	\$ 1,997.09
26006	AZ Pre-Suppression Wildfire Resources	\$ 430.00	0 \$ 51.11				\$ 27,582.47			\$ 115.46	\$ 28,179.04
26007	Brins Wildfire Emergency	\$ (5,506.08)	8) \$ (701.58)		\$ (1,620.97)			\$ (6,075.89)		\$ 2,807.50	\$ (11,097.02)
26008	Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Infestation						\$ 112,060.86				\$ 112,060.86
27001	Summer 2006 Monsoons & Flooding	\$ 123,689.10	0 \$ 22,128.53		\$ 3,063.63	\$ 2,352.10	\$ 8,491.31	\$ 10,890.47		\$ 40,509.35	\$ 211,124.49
28001	Nogales Wash Emergency	\$ 10,652,44	4 \$ 2,030.05		\$ 896.14		\$ 105,324.15	\$ 8,250.13		\$ 2,588.21	\$ 129,741.12
28002	Monsoon 2007 Emergency	\$ 38,213.03	3 \$ 6,946.20		\$ 3,207.70		\$ 167,337.24	\$ 3,302.13		\$ 10,832.85	\$ 229,839.15
28003	January 2008 Severe Precipitation Emergency		↔							\$ 6,442.81	\$ 27,364.51
Total		6,	8	\$ 48,601.40		\$ 2,390.64	\$ 1,729,309.82	\$ 29,866.77	· \$	\$ 113,327.21	-