



JANET NAPOLITANO
GOVERNOR

STATE OF ARIZONA
Department of Emergency And Military Affairs

5636 EAST McDOWELL ROAD
PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85008-3495
(602) 267-2700 DSN: 853-2700



THE ADJUTANT GENERAL
MAJOR GENERAL DAVID P. RATA CZAK
DIRECTOR

August 1, 2003

The Honorable Ken Bennett
Arizona State Senate
1700 W. Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Senator Bennett:

On behalf of the Governor, I am pleased to send to you the Governor's Emergency Council Annual Report.

A.R.S. §35-192, E, provides that each August 1st a report of the activities conducted by the council shall be prepared. This report describes the Gubernatorial proclamations of FY2003, the disasters that were terminated, continuing, actions taken by the Emergency Council and attachments detailing expenditures by event and type.

During the period from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003, there were four proclamations that provided assistance to political subdivisions of Coconino, Gila, Navajo, Pima and Pinal Counties; two of the proclamations covered the entire state.

The Department of Emergency and Military Affairs is the lead state agency for disaster preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation and provides critical support to the citizens of the state and it's political subdivisions through the Arizona National Guard and the Division of Emergency Management. If you have any specific questions regarding this report please contact Mr. Frank Navarrete at 602-542-7013.

Sincerely,

David P. Rataczak
Major General, AZ ARNG
Director

CC: Dennis Burke

Enclosed: Governor's Emergency Council Annual Report

Governor's Emergency Council Report

July 1, 2002 – June 30, 2003

In compliance with section §35-192E of the Arizona Revised Statutes, the following report is a summary of obligations and expenditures of state funds under the authority granted by the State Legislature in §35-192E, Arizona Revised Statutes. The report covers the time period from July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003. It represents the actions taken by the State of Arizona, Governor's Emergency Council in response to Arizona's emergency needs.

I. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS OF FY 2003

As a result of emergency situations, which were beyond the capability and resources of local government, four Gubernatorial proclamations were declared.

A. COCONINO/GILA/NAVAJO COUNTIES' POTABLE WATER EMERGENCY (23001)

On July 3, 2002, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Coconino and Gila Counties in support of the lack of potable water resources. On May 21, 2002, Gila County began hauling potable water, and on June 14, 2002, Coconino County began hauling potable water. Both counties were unable to provide the physical or financial resources to assist and wells could not meet the potable water needs. An initial allocation of \$50,000 was made from the Governor's Emergency Fund. The proclamation was amended on August 22, 2002 to include Navajo County and an additional allocation of \$30,000. Navajo County assisted in the construction of a potable water facility.

B. EXOTIC NEWCASTLE DISEASE EMERGENCY (23002)

On February 3, 2003, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for the one confirmed case of Exotic Newcastle Disease in Arizona and the potential spread of the disease. There were no allocations of the Governor's Emergency Fund to this proclamation.

C. FOREST HEALTH EMERGENCY (23003)

On May 22, 2003, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Forest Health for the on-going drought conditions and the infestation of the Pine Bark Beetle. The proclamation directs the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD) in conjunction with the Arizona Division of Emergency Management (ADEM), the Arizona Departments of Game and Fish, Transportation, Environmental Quality and Health Services to work with other appropriate state and local entities to expedite the clearing of dead, dying and diseased trees and other vegetation that interfere with emergency response and evacuation needs. The proclamation allocated \$200,000. ASLD and ADEM met, reviewed applications, and recommended to the Governor's Emergency Council 19 projects for approval. On June 12, 2003 the council allocated \$1,653,850.71 for the projects and the remaining \$200,000 in the fund to be allocated if it was not allocated to new emergencies prior to June 30, 2003. On June 30, 2003 the remaining \$125,000 was allocated to this emergency for a total of \$1,978,850.71.

D. ASPEN FIRE EMERGENCY (23004)

On June 17, 2003 the Aspen Fire ignited in Pima County. On June 19, 2003 the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Pima County for the Aspen Fire and allocated \$75,000 for costs not covered by the FEMA Fire Management Assistance Grant. The Governor requested a joint federal/state/county preliminary damage assessment on June 19, 2003 and it was completed on June 23, 2003. On June 24, 2003, the Governor amended the proclamation to include Pinal County. The Governor requested the President to declare a Major Disaster for Pima and Pinal Counties on June 24, 2003.

II. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS TERMINATED

**A. TROPICAL WINTER STORM FLOOD EMERGENCY (93003)
(Presidential Declaration)**

Thirteen Counties involving over 100 political subdivisions, suffered extensive flood damage in January and February 1993. All recovery work has been completed, inspected, reimbursed and audited.

Declared: January 16, 1993
Terminated: November 15, 2002

B. COCHISE COUNTY FLASH FLOOD EMERGENCY (20002)

Intense monsoon thunderstorms caused extensive flood damage to roadways and retaining walls, and adversely affected the welfare and mobility of the residents and businesses within the Town of Bisbee.

Declared: August 16, 1999
Terminated: November 15, 2002

C. SANTA CRUZ COUNTY FLASH FLOOD EMERGENCY (20003)

Monsoon rains and flash floods caused substantial damage to public infrastructure along the Nogales Wash. This created hazardous conditions as well as a risk to health and safety in Santa Cruz County.

Declared: August 27, 1999
Terminated: October 28, 2002

D. YAVAPAI COUNTY INDIAN FIRE (22005)

The Governor proclaimed an emergency for the Indian Fire in Yavapai County near the City of Prescott in the Prescott National Forest to cover the recovery costs. FEMA Fire Management Assistance Grant covered the fire suppression costs.

Declared: May 16, 2002
Terminated: May 2, 2003

E. COCONINO/GILA/NAVAJO COUNTIES POTABLE WATER EMERGENCY (23001)

The Governor proclaimed an emergency for Coconino and Gila Counties in support of the lack of potable water resources. An initial allocation of \$50,000 was made from the Governor's Emergency Fund. The proclamation was amended on August 22, 2002 to include Navajo County for potable water assistance and an additional allocation of \$30,000.

Declared: July 3, 2002

Terminated: May 2, 2003

III. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS CONTINUING

A. STATEWIDE DROUGHT EMERGENCY (99006)

Lack of precipitation had significantly reduced surface and ground water supplies and stream flows. The drought continues to endanger crops, property and livestock of the citizens of Arizona. This proclamation was extended indefinitely, as this is still a threatening situation.

**B. ARIZONA 2000 FLOOD EMERGENCY (21104)
(Presidential Declaration)**

On October 23, 2000, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for severe thunderstorms and heavy rains. The emergency incident period was October 21, 2000 through November 8, 2000. A Presidential disaster declaration was requested and received on October 27, 2000 (FEMA-1347-DR-AZ). Cochise, La Paz, Maricopa, Pinal and Santa Cruz Counties and the Gila River Indian Community were declared for Public Assistance. La Paz, Maricopa and Pinal Counties were given Individual Assistance. Mitigation Assistance was granted statewide. The proclamation included an allocation of \$200,000. Three additional allocations were made to this proclamation: November 9, 2000 for \$405,044, January 18, 2001 for \$658,951 and February 19, 2002 for \$127,613. The total allocation is \$1,391,608.

C. SEPTEMBER TERRORISM INCIDENT (22002)

On September 12, 2001, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency due to the terrorist attacks in various locations throughout the United States and the heightened level of security throughout Arizona. The proclamation included \$40,000 to cover the emergency protective measures. On October 2, 2001, the Governor amended the proclamation to close the incident period for political subdivisions (September 11 – 17, 2001) and to allocate an additional \$160,000 for a total of \$200,000. Allocations of \$1,459,000 and \$1,186,928 were made on November 19, 2001, and February 19, 2002, respectively, by the Governor's Emergency Council for a total of \$2,845,928 for this emergency. The incident period continues for state agencies.

**D. RODEO/CHEDISKI FIRE EMERGENCY (22006)
(Presidential Declaration)**

On June 19, 2002, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency in support of the political subdivisions and state agencies in Arizona for the consequences of the Rodeo Fire, which started June 18, 2002, near the town of Cibeqe on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On June 20, 2002, the Chediski Fire started near the Chediski Mountain on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On June 25, 2002, President George W. Bush declared the Rodeo/Chediski Fire a major disaster, providing Public Assistance for Navajo and Apache Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. Individual Assistance was made available for Navajo, Apache, Gila and Coconino Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. Mitigation assistance was made available statewide. The initial proclamation included an allocation of \$100,000 to cover the initial response for emergency protective measures. The Governor amended the proclamation on July 1, 2002 to include an additional \$100,000. The Council allocated \$3,312,500 for this emergency based on the preliminary cost estimates on July 18, 2002. On June 12, 2003, \$1,709,195.32 was reverted to the Governor's Emergency Fund, as actual costs were less than expected. The total allocation for this emergency is \$1,803,304.68.

IV. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY COUNCIL AND MEETINGS

**A. THE ARIZONA GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY COUNCIL
MEMBERSHIP CONSISTS OF:**

- Governor
- Secretary of State
- Attorney General
- President, Arizona State Senate
- Speaker, Arizona House of Representatives
- Adjutant General, Department of Emergency and Military Affairs
- Director, Division of Emergency Management
- Director, Department of Health Services
- Director, Department of Transportation
- Director, Department of Public Safety
- Director, Department of Agriculture
- Director, Department of Environmental Quality
- Director, Department of Water Resources
- Director, Department of Administration

B. THE ARIZONA GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEETINGS AND ACTIONS:

July 18, 2002 Meeting

- PROPOSAL: To consider supplemental funding for the Rodeo/Chediski Fire (22006).
- COUNCIL ACTION: The Council voted to provide \$3,312,500 for this requirement.

June 12, 2003 Meeting

- PROPOSAL: To consider supplemental funding for the Forest Health Emergency (23003).
- COUNCIL ACTION: The Council voted to provide \$1,653,850.71 for Forest Health with the balance of \$200,000 in the fund allocated if not allocated to new emergencies prior to June 30, 2003. \$125,000 was allocated on June 30, 2003, for a total of \$1,978,850.71.

V. CONTINGENCIES

A. STATEWIDE SEARCH AND RESCUE CONTINGENCY (70100)

There were 569 search and rescue mission identifiers issued to County Sheriffs for field operations during FY2003. County Sheriffs and State support agencies had a total reimbursement cost of \$195,763.83. The Governor's letters of July 29, 2002 and February 21, 2003 allocated \$100,000 each to pay claims received during FY2003.

B. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONTINGENCY (80100)

The Division of Emergency Management is the lead agency for developing and implementing a state hazardous materials emergency management program. This includes coordinating planning and preparedness to affect emergency response and recovery operations for hazardous materials incidents or accidents. There were 29 hazardous materials incident responses supported by the Governor's HAZMAT Contingency Fund during the period July 1, 2002 to June 30, 2003. During FY2003 \$26,636.01 was provided from the Hazardous Materials Contingency Fund to respond to these hazardous materials incidents. No allocations were made from the Governor's Emergency Fund.

VI. EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES

- See attached Table 1

VII. EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES

- See attached Table 2

TABLE 1
EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES
JULY 1, 2002 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2003

State Acct. Number PCA	Emergency Declaration	Starting Balance	FY 2003 Allocations	Reversion of Funds	Reduction of Expenditures	Expenditures	Balance 30-Jun-03
70100	Search and Rescue	\$ 5,985.57	\$ 200,000.00		\$ 111.24	\$ 195,763.83	\$ 10,332.98
80100	Statewide Hazardous Materials	\$ 41,907.38				\$ 26,636.01	\$ 15,271.37
93003	Tropical Winter Storm Flood Emergency	\$ 534,163.40		\$ 527,421.77		\$ 6,741.63	\$ -
20002	Cochise County Flash Flood Emergency	\$ 390,518.82		\$ 119,208.34		\$ 271,310.48	\$ -
20003	Santa Cruz County Flash Flood Emergency	\$ 105,772.10		\$ 89,797.58		\$ 15,974.52	\$ -
21104	Arizona 2000 Flood Emergency	\$ 303,223.25				\$ (3,282.78)	\$ 306,506.03
22002	September Terrorism Incident	\$ 434,839.08			\$ 1,981.69	\$ 295,215.60	\$ 141,605.17
22005	Yavapai County Indian Fire	\$ 175,743.13		\$ 49,117.60		\$ 126,625.53	\$ -
22006	Rodeo/Chediski Fire Emergency	\$ 72,060.08	\$ 1,703,304.68			\$ 1,376,838.67	\$ 398,526.09
23001	Potable Water Emergency		\$ 42,844.61			\$ 42,844.61	\$ -
23003	Forest Health Emergency		\$ 1,978,850.71			\$ 1,023.05	\$ 1,977,827.66
23004	Aspen Fire Emergency		\$ 75,000.00			\$ 11,850.99	\$ 63,149.01
Total		\$ 2,064,212.81	\$ 4,000,000.00	\$ 785,545.29	\$ 2,092.93	\$ 2,367,542.14	\$ 2,913,218.31

TABLE 2
EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES
JULY 1, 2002 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2003

State Acct. Number PCA	Emergency Declaration	Personal Services 6011	Employees Related Expenditures 6100	Professional and Outside Services 6200	Travel In State 6500	Travel Out of State 6600	Aid To Organization 6800	Other Operating Expenditures 7000	Capital Equipment 8400	Indirect 8600/9100	Total Expenditures
70100	Search and Rescue	\$ 736.66	\$ 98.95				\$ 186,316.89	\$ 8,448.40		\$ 162.93	\$ 195,763.83
80100	Statewide Hazardous Materials	\$ 613.91	\$ 128.27				\$ 25,821.63	\$ 8.75		\$ 63.45	\$ 26,636.01
93003	Tropical Winter Storm Flood Emergency	\$ 12,450.36	\$ 2,502.56	\$ (4,812.44)	\$ 2,471.85			\$ (6,054.76)		\$ 184.06	\$ 6,741.63
20002	Cochise County Flash Flood Emergency	\$ 1,406.51	\$ 194.04		\$ 272.84		\$ 259,377.83			\$ 59.26	\$ 271,310.48
20003	Santa Cruz County Flash Flood Emergency	\$ 1,284.67	\$ 174.31		\$ 171.55		\$ 14,059.48			\$ 284.51	\$ 15,374.52
21104	Arizona 2000 Flood Emergency	\$ 27,489.79	\$ 3,752.03		\$ 7,052.17		\$ 112,094.58	\$ (159,562.43)		\$ 5,891.08	\$ (3,282.78)
22002	September Terrorism Incident	\$ 39,222.43	\$ 5,143.94	\$ 409.15	\$ 241.14		\$ 240,912.02	\$ 115.66		\$ 9,171.26	\$ 295,215.60
22005	Yavapai County Indian Fire	\$ (5,708.74)	\$ (707.05)		\$ (394.70)		\$ 134,686.44			\$ (1,250.42)	\$ 126,625.53
22006	Rodeo/Chediski Fire Emergency	\$ 208,095.69	\$ 26,742.25	\$ 10,751.56	\$ 36,423.31	\$ (1,920.00)	\$ 1,119,949.47	\$ (81,919.39)		\$ 58,715.78	\$ 1,376,838.67
23001	Potable Water Emergency	\$ 2,828.83	\$ 338.48		\$ 278.86		\$ 38,772.83	\$ 8.18		\$ 617.63	\$ 42,844.61
23003	Forest Health Emergency	\$ 752.74	\$ 103.37							\$ 166.94	\$ 1,023.05
23004	Aspen Fire Emergency	\$ 6,983.65	\$ 941.43		\$ 2,482.26					\$ 1,443.65	\$ 11,850.99
Total		\$ 296,156.50	\$ 39,412.58	\$ 6,348.27	\$ 48,999.08	\$ (1,920.00)	\$ 2,141,991.17	\$ (238,955.59)	\$ -	\$ 75,510.13	\$ 2,367,542.14